Proteus & Pseudomonas

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Proteus

Proteus is a genus of Gram-negative *Proteobacteria* of family *Enterobacteriaceae* (Gram-negative stains, Oxidase negative, facultative anaerobes, Glucose fermenters, reduce nitrate to nitrite).

This genus include many species :

- P. vulgaris
- P. mirabilis
- 🕨 P. hauseri
- *P. myxofaciens*
- P. penneri

Morphology

Gram negative bacilli Very pleomorphic Highly motile Non spore forming







Cultural charecteristics

- Facultative anaerobes, Growth temperature is 37c
- Grow on all ordinary media producing fishy odor
- Hemolytic on blood agar
- Swarming phenomena due to their High motility with peritrichous flagella
 "noticed on non-inhibitory media like blood agar and nutrient agar; increasing the agar content can inhibit swarming"



They grow on Macconkeys agar as non-lactose fermenters without swarming



Lactose fermenters

Non-lactose fermenters

Biochemical reactions

Phenylalanine deaminase +ve
(similar to Morganella & Providencia)

Phenylalanine Deaminase Phenylpyruvate

Ferric Chloride —

Green



-ve +ve



Pink







O-nitrophenyl-β-D-galactoside (ONPG) –ve



+ve Yellow

-ve Colorless TSI (Tri Sugar Iron agar) : TSI K/A H2S +ve



Non-inoculated

Gelatin Hydrolysis Test : +ve



+ve

-ve

IMViC profile



Ornithine decarboxylase

+

Anas Huthaifa AL-Dewachi

Non-fermenters

Gram – Ve Bacilli

Non-fermenters Gram – Ve Bacilli (NFGN)

Opportunistic Pathogens of Human, Plants and Animals. They are :

Oxidase positive

Lack of evidence of fermentation of glucose

No evidence of growth on MacConkey's agar



These include :

- Pseudomonas
- Acinetobacter
- ► Bordetella
- Burkholderia
- Legionella
- Moraxella
- Stenotrophomonas

Pseudomonas

Pseudomonas is a genus of Gram-negative aerobic bacilli belonging to the family *Pseudomonaceae*, containing **191 species**. Most important species are :

- P. aeruginosa
- P. fluorescens
- P. putida
- P. stutzeri

Morphology

Gram-negative

- Motile with a single or multiple polar flagella
- Non–spore forming





Cultural Charactersitics

Obligate aerobe .

- Grow at optimum temperature of 37C, but can tolerate 42C.
- It can tolerate alkaline pH (8.5)
- Grow on ordinary media producing large opaque irregular colonies with sweetish aromatic "Grape-like" odor.
- Iridescent patches with metallic sheen are seen in cultures on nutrient agar.





- It produces pigments :
- As part of pathogenicity
- Seen on Nutrient agar (not on blood agar)





Pyocyanin- bluish pigment

Pyoverdin- greenish pigment



Pyomelanin- black or brown

*There is also Pyorubin - Red

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Biochemical Tests





+ve

-ve









TSI (Tri Sugar Iron agar) : K/K H2S -ve Oxidative decarbocylation=ammonia Alkaline reaction= red slant

H₂S production= black color

Fermentation of the sugar =acid formation Acidic reaction=yellow butt

Gas = air bubble or crack in the medium



Non-inoculated

Oxidative / Fermentative (O/F) : Oxidative & non fermentative

Glucose Aerobically Or Anaerobically Acid

Bromothymol Blue

The second secon

Fermentative & Oxidative

Non fermentative & Oxidative

Non fermentative & non oxidative (Asaccharolytic)

Yellow

Motility can be detected as "Inverted Tree"



Inverted Tree

Note : Identification of *P. aeruginosa* is usually based on oxidase test and its colonial morphology: b-hemolysis, the presence of characteristic pigments and sweet odor, and tolerance of growth up to 42 °C.

Thank You