

Data Structures I

Week # 1: Overview & Review

Presented

by

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Course Objectives

- Be familiar with problem solving
- Be able to develop (and implement) algorithms
- Be able to trace algorithms
- Be able to select appropriate data structures and algorithms for given problems

What is Data?

□ Data

- A collection of facts from which conclusion may be drawn
- e.g. Data: Temperature 35°C; Conclusion: It is hot.

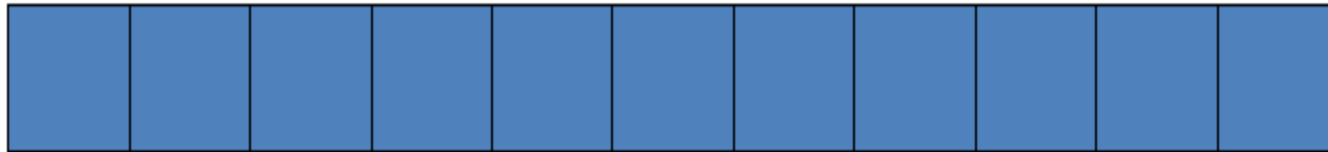
□ Types of data

- Textual: For example, your name (may)
- Numeric: For example, your ID (090254)
- Audio: For example, your voice
- Video: For example, your voice and picture

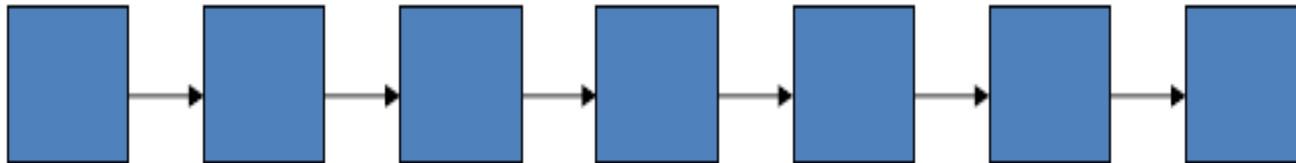
What is Data Structure?

- ❑ A particular way of storing and organizing data in a computer so that it can be used efficiently and effectively.
- ❑ A group of data elements grouped together under one name.
 - For example, an array of integers

Types of Data Structures

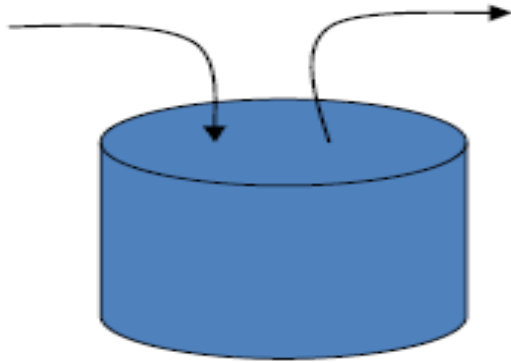


Array



Linked List

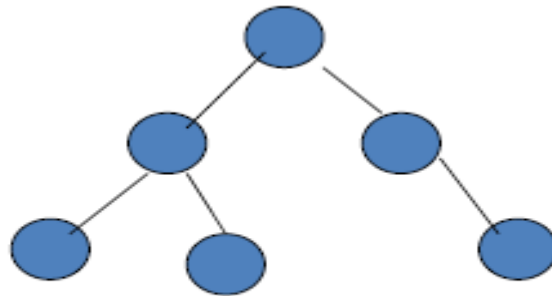
Types of Data Structures (cont.)



Stack



Queue



Tree

The Need for Data Structures

- ❑ Goal: to organize data
- ❑ Criteria: to facilitate efficient
 - storage of data
 - retrieval of data
 - manipulation of data
- ❑ Design Issue:
 - select and design appropriate data types (This is the main motivation to learn and understand data structures)

Data Structure Operations

☐ Traversing

Accessing each data element exactly once so that certain items in the data may be processed

☐ Searching

Finding the location of the data element (key) in the structure

☐ Insertion

Adding a new data element to the structure

Data Structure Operations (cont.)

- ☐ Deletion

Removing a data element from the structure

- ☐ Sorting

Arrange the data elements in a logical order
(ascending/descending)

- ☐ Merging

Combining data elements from two or more
data structures into one