

Arithmetic Coding

Arithmetic coding is a variable-length source encoding technique. In traditional entropy encoding techniques such as Huffman coding, each input symbol in a message is substituted by a specific code specified by an integer number of bits.

Arithmetic coding deviates from this paradigm. In arithmetic coding, a sequence of input symbols is represented by an interval of real numbers between 0.0 and 1.0 (i.e a sequence of source symbols (or message) is assigned a single arithmetic code word. The code word itself defines an interval of real numbers between 0 and 1).

For example we consider a four symbol alphabet $A=\{a,b,c,d\}$ with the fixed symbol probabilities $p(a)=0.3$ $p(b)=0.2$ $p(c)=0.4$ and $p(d)=0.1$ respectively. The symbol probabilities can be expressed in terms of partition of the half-open range $[0.0, 1.0]$ as shown in the following table.

<u>Source symbol</u>	<u>Probability</u>	<u>Range (initial subinterval)</u>
<i>a</i>	0.3	0.0 – 0.3
<i>b</i>	0.2	0.3 – 0.5
<i>c</i>	0.4	0.5 – 0.9
<i>d</i>	0.1	0.9 – 1.0

Probability model

Example: Use arithmetic coding algorithm to encode CLASS

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>probability</u>	<u>range</u>
A	1/5 0.2	0.0 – 0.2
C	1/5 0.2	0.2 – 0.4
L	1/5 0.2	0.4 – 0.6
S	2/5 0.4	0.6 – 1.0

Coding

	<u>New char</u>	<u>arithmetic code</u>
0.2	C	0.2
0.2	L	$0.4*0.2+0.2=0.28$
0.2	A	$0.0*0.2*0.2+0.28=0.28$
0.4	S	$0.6*0.2*0.2*0.2+0.28=0.2848$
0.4	S	$0.6*0.4*0.2*0.2*0.2+0.2848= \mathbf{0.28672}$

Decoding

C	0.28672	- 0.2	0.08672	÷ 0.2
L	0.4336	- 0.4	0.0336	÷ 0.2
A	0.168	- 0.0	0.168	÷ 0.2
S	0.84	- 0.6	0.24	÷ 0.4
S	0.6	- 0.6	0	

Example: Use arithmetic encoding to encode "KING HENRY"

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Probability</u>	<u>Range</u>
Space	1/10 0.1	0.0-0.1
E	1/10 0.1	0.1-0.2
G	1/10 0.1	0.2-0.3
H	1/10 0.1	0.3-0.4
I	1/10 0.1	0.4-0.5
K	1/10 0.1	0.5-0.6
N	2/10 0.2	0.6-0.8
R	1/10 0.1	0.8-0.9
Y	1/10 0.1	0.9-1.0

Coding

	<u>Newchar</u>	<u>Arithmetic code</u>
0.1	K	0.5
0.1	I	$0.4 \times 0.1 + 0.5 = 0.54$
0.2	N	$0.6 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 + 0.54 = 0.546$
0.1	G	$0.2 \times 0.2 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 + 0.546 = 0.5464$
0.1	Space	$0.0 \times 0.1 \times 0.2 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 + 0.5464 = 0.5464$
0.1	H	$0.3 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 \times 0.2 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 + 0.5464 = 0.546406$
0.1	E	$0.1 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 \times 0.2 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 + 0.546406 = 0.5464062$
0.2	N	$0.6 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 \times 0.2 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 + 0.5464062 = 0.54640632$
0.1	R	$0.8 \times 0.2 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 \times 0.2 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 + 0.54640632 = 0.546406352$
0.1	Y	$0.9 \times 0.1 \times 0.2 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 \times 0.2 \times 0.1 \times 0.1 + 0.546406352 = \mathbf{0.5464063556}$

Decoding

K	0.5464063556	- 0.5	÷ 0.1
I	0.464063556	- 0.4	÷ 0.1
N	0.64063556	- 0.6	÷ 0.2
G	0.2031778	- 0.2	÷ 0.1
Space	0.031778	- 0.0	÷ 0.1
H	0.31778	- 0.3	÷ 0.1
E	0.1778	- 0.1	÷ 0.1
N	0.778	- 0.6	÷ 0.2
R	0.89	- 0.8	÷ 0.1
Y	0.9	- 0.9	0