## Course Description Form

1. Course Name:

Principles of Dairy

2. Course Code:

PRPD227

3. Semester / Year:

First semester (fall) / 2023-2024

4. Description Preparation Date:

1\9\2024

5. Available Attendance Forms:

Presence

6. Number of Credit Hours (Total) / Number of Units (Total)

2 theoretical hours + 3 practical hours 3.5 units

Course administrator's name (mention all, if more than one name)

Name: M.D. Zaman Nadhim Taher

## 8. Course Objectives

theoretical:

Enabling the student to understand and absorb what is related to dairy principles

- Enabling the student to know the most important method analyzing milk products preserving milk
- Enabling the student to become familiar with the most important sources of contamination in milk
- Empowering the student with the ability to detect types of spoilage in milk
- The student can judge the types of milk and how quickly it spoils

practical:

Enabling the student to become familiar with the n important laboratory methods for detection and to become And its relationship to the dairy industry and its preservation familiar with the most important analytical methods

## 9. Teaching and Learning Strategies

theoretical:

- -Interactive lecture
- Brainstorming
- Dialogue and discussion
- Assigning tasks and reporting
- Presentations of models of milk spoilage due to microbial contamination
- He is assigned to prepare a diligence report and discuss it with the students

practical:

- Assigning group work to reveal leadership skills
- Assigning tasks and reporting for each experiment

## 10 Course Structure

Week	Hours	Required Learning Outcomes	Unit or subject name	Learning method	Evaluation method
1	about the chemical composition of milk, the positive and negative relationship	a1) The student learns about the chemical composition of milk,	THEORETICAL Milk Definitions - Factors - Affecting milk composition	THEORETICAL audio methods, Writing on the board Direct dialogue style PRACTICAL Assigning tasks	Shortexams, assignments, discussions

		composition of milk components, and the causes of milk contamination. PRACTICAL: c1) The student examines the received milk samples.	practical : Sampling methods	and reports	
2	2Theoretical 3Practical	a1) The student learns about the chemical composition of milk, the positive and negative relationship between the composition of milk components, and the causes of milk contamination.  PRACTICAL: b1) The student distinguishes between the methods of sensory examination of milk.	THEORETICAL Physical properties of milk  practical: Sensory tests and milk judging	THEORETICAL audio methods, Writing on the board Direct dialogue style PRACTICAL Assigning tasks and reports	Shortexams, assignments, discussions
3	2Theoretical 3Practical	THEORETICAL a1) The student learns about the chemical composition of milk, the positive and negative relationship between the composition of milk components, and the causes of milk contamination. PRACTICAL: c1) The student examines the received milk samples.	THEORETICAL Water-fat-lactose  practical: Estimating the percentage of fat in milk	THEORETICAL audio methods, Writing on the board Direct dialogue style PRACTICAL Assigning tasks and reports	Shortexams, assignments, discussions
4	2Theoretical 3Practical	THEORETICAL  a2) The student is familiar with the types of milk proteins, the positive and negative relationship between its components, and the estimation of milk constants. PRACTICAL: b1) The student distinguishes between the methods of sensory examination of milk.	THEORETICAL Protein estimation  practical: Milk adulteration and methods for detecting it	THEORETICAL audio methods, Writing on the board Direct dialogue style PRACTICAL Assigning tasks and reports	Shortexams, assignments, discussions
5	2Theoretical 3Practical	THEORETICAL a1) The student learns about the chemical composition of nilk,	theoretical Forwards - salts Inertal - vitamins	THEORETICAL audio methods, Writing on the board Direct dialogue	Shortexams, assignments discussions

		the positive and negative relationship between the composition of milk components, and the causes of milk contamination. practical: b1) The student distinguishes between the methods of sensory examination of milk.	practical: Bacteriological examinations of milk	PRACTICAL Assigning tasks and reports	
6	2Theoretical 3Practical	THEORETICAL a2) The student is familiar with the types of milk proteins, the positive and negative relationship between its components, and the estimation of milk constants. C1: The student examines the received milk samples.	THEORETICAL Microbiology in the milk  practical: Estimation of milk acidity	THEORETICAL audio methods, Writing on the board Direct dialogue style PRACTICAL Assigning tasks and reports	Shortexams, assignments, discussions
7	2Theoretical 3Practical	THEORETICAL a1) The student will learn about the chemical composition of milk, the positive and negative relationship between the components of milk, and the causes of milk contamination. practical: c1) The student examines the received milk samples.	THEORETICAL Transmitted diseases Milk road  practical: Detection of milk taken from cattle infected with mastitis	THEORETICAL audio methods, Writing on the board Direct dialogue style PRACTICAL Assigning tasks and reports	Shortexams, assignments, discussions
8	2Theoretical 3Practical	THEORETICAL a2) The student is famili with the types of milk proteins, the positive an negative relationship between its components and the estimation of mi constants. PRACTICAL: b1) The student distinguishes between the methods of sensory examination of milk.	percentage in Milk (Pearson box) practical :	THEORETICAL audio methods, Writing on the board Direct dialogue style PRACTICAL Assigning tasks and reports	Shortexams, assignments, discussions
9	2Theoretical 3Practical	THEORETICAL a2) The student is famili with the types of milk proteins, the positive an negative relationship between its components and the estimation of mi constants.	Farm and milk  moving  Falore Interest of the property of the	THEORETICAL audio methods, Writing on the board Direct dialogue style PRACTICAL Assigning tasks and reports	Shortexams, assignments, discussions

		PRACTICAL: b1) The student distinguishes between the methods of sensory examination of milk.			
10	2Theoretical 3Practical	THEORETICAL a2) The student is famili with the types of milk proteins, the positive an negative relationship between its components and the estimation of mi constants. PRACTICAL: b1) The student distinguishes between the methods of sensory examination of milk.	industry Cream	THEORETICAL audio methods, Writing on the board Direct dialogue style PRACTICAL Assigning tasks and reports	Shortexams, assignments, discussions
11	2Theoretical 3Practical	THEORETICAL a2) The student is famili with the types of milk proteins, the positive an negative relationship between its components and the estimation of mi constants. PRACTICAL: c1) The student examines the received milk samples.	For milk practical:	THEORETICAL audio methods, Writing on the board Direct dialogue style PRACTICAL Assigning tasks and reports	Shortexams, assignments, discussions
12	2Theoretical 3Practical	THEORETICAL a2) The student is famili with the types of milk proteins, the positive an negative relationship between its components and the estimation of mi constants. PRACTICAL: c1) The student examines the received milk samples.	And fermented milk practical : Butter industry	THEORETICAL audio methods, Writing on the board Direct dialogue style PRACTICAL Assigning tasks and reports	Shortexams, assignments, discussions
13	2Theoretical 3Practical	THEORETICAL a1) The student learns about the chemical composition of milk, the positive and negative relationship between th composition of milk components, and the causes of milk contamination. PRACTICAL: b1) The student distinguishes between the methods of sensory examination	Calculations for	THEORETICAL audio methods, Writing on the board Direct dialogue style PRACTICAL Assigning tasks and reports	Shortexams, assignments, discussions
14	2Theoretical 3Practical	of milk.  THEORETICAL d1) The student	THEORETHAL A field was to chairy	THEORETICAL audio methods,	Shortexams, assignments

		communicates with a factory to evaluate the production situation PRACTICAL: b1) The student distinguishes between the methods of sensory examination of milk.	he a re mic con con en pra Mai	cory and submitting eport on the croorganisms nmon in milk tamination actical:	Writing on the board Direct dialogue style PRACTICAL Assigning tasks and reports	discussions
15	2Theoretical 3Practical	THEORETICAL d1) The student communicates with a factory to evaluate th production situation PRACTICAL: d1) The student communicates with a dairy factory to evaluate the production situation	Pro a da he pra Pro	EORETICAL blem solving ctical : blem solving	THEORETICAL audio methods, Writing on the board Direct dialogue style PRACTICAL Assigning tasks and reports	Shortexams, assignments, discussions
11 t	. Course Evaluation  Calendar methods			date (week)	Class	Relative weight
						%
1	Report 1		fourth week		2.5	2.5
2	Report 2		The fifth week		2.5	2.5
3	Short test (1) Quiz		the sixth week		2	2
4	Short test (2) Quiz		The fourteenth week		2	2
5	Short test (3) Quiz		The fifteenth week the sixth week		7.5	76
6	Semester test (1)		The eleventh week is difficult		7.5	7.5 7.5
7	Semester test (2)		Final semester exams		40	40
9	Final theoretical tes		The fifteenth week		5	5
10	Practical Laboratory Laboratory evaluati	and the second s	The third and fifth week		2	2
11	Practical short test (	The state of the s	The first week		1	1
12	The second secon	to the same of the	fourth week		0.5	0.5
13		The second secon		teenth week	1	1
14	Practical test			, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and	5.5	5.5
15				nester exams	20	20
			100		100%	100%
12	. Learning and Teach	hing Resources				
Req	uired textbooks (curric	cular books, if any)		General dairy princ	iples, Al-Shabibi	
Main references (sources)				Scientific journals and articles		
Rec		d references (scientific j	journals,	Specialized books in General dairy princ Jamal al-Din Abdel		ence and its prod
Electronic References, Websites			Scientific electronic its processing	websites specialized	in studying mil	



Course administrator's name : Dr. Zaman Nadhim Taher-

Chairman of the Scientific Committee: A.Prof.Dr. Taha Mohammed Taqi

Head of the Food Science Department: A.Prof. Dr. Taha Mohammed Taqi

