

## Method of Variation of Parameters

To find particular integral of :

where:

$$a \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + b \frac{dy}{dx} + cy = X \text{ or } f(x)$$

Let  $C.F. = A y_1 + B y_2$

$$P.I. = u y_1 + v y_2$$

$$u = \int \frac{-y_2 \cdot x}{y_1 \cdot \bar{y}_2 - \bar{y}_1 \cdot y_2} dx$$

$$v = \int \frac{y_1 \cdot x}{y_1 \cdot \bar{y}_2 - \bar{y}_1 \cdot y_2} dx$$



**Example 20:** Solve  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \csc x$

$$(D^2 + 1)y = \csc x$$

$$D^2 + 1 = 0 \rightarrow m^2 + 1 = 0 \rightarrow m = \pm i$$

$$C.F. = A \cos x + B \sin x$$

$$y_1 = \cos x \rightarrow \overline{y_1} = -\sin x$$

$$y_2 = \sin x \rightarrow \overline{y_2} = \cos x$$

$$P.I. = u y_1 + v y_2$$



$$u = \int \frac{-y_2 \cdot x}{y_1 \cdot \bar{y}_2 - \bar{y}_1 \cdot y_2} dx$$

$$u = - \int \frac{\sin x \cdot \csc x}{\cos x \cdot \cos x + \sin x \cdot \sin x} dx$$

$$= - \int \frac{\sin x \cdot \frac{1}{\sin x}}{\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x} dx = - \int dx = -x$$

$$\cos^2 x + \sin^2 = 1$$





$$v = \int \frac{y_1 \cdot x}{y_1 \cdot \bar{y}_2 - \bar{y}_1 \cdot y_2} dx$$

$$v = \int \frac{\cos x \cdot \csc x}{\cos x \cdot \cos x + \sin x \cdot \sin x} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\cos x \cdot \frac{1}{\sin x}}{\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x} dx = \int \frac{\cot x}{1} dx = \ln \sin x$$

$$P.I. = -x \cdot \cos x + \ln \sin x \cdot \sin x$$

$$y = A \cos x + B \sin x - x \cdot \cos x \cdot \sin x \cdot \ln \sin x$$





**Example 21:** Solve  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 4y = e^{2x}$

$$(D^2 - 4)_y = e^{2x}$$

$$D^2 - 4 = 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad m^2 - 4 = 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad m = \pm 2$$

$$C.F. = c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 e^{-2x}$$

$$y_1 = e^{2x} \quad \rightarrow \quad \overline{y}_1 = 2e^{2x}$$

$$y_2 = e^{-2x} \quad \rightarrow \quad \overline{y}_2 = -2e^{-2x}$$

$$P.I. = u y_1 + v y_2$$





$$u = \int \frac{-y_2 \cdot f(x)}{y_1 \cdot \bar{y}_2 - \bar{y}_1 \cdot y_2} dx$$

$$u = \int \frac{-e^{-2x} \cdot e^{2x}}{e^{2x} \cdot (-2e^{-2x}) - 2e^{2x} \cdot e^{-2x}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{-1}{-2 - 2} dx = \frac{1}{4} \int dx = \frac{x}{4}$$



$$v = \int \frac{y_1 \cdot f(x)}{y_1 \cdot \bar{y}_2 - \bar{y}_1 \cdot y_2} dx$$

$$v = \int \frac{e^{2x} \cdot e^{2x}}{e^{2x} \cdot (-2e^{-2x}) - 2e^{2x} \cdot e^{-2x}} dx = \int \frac{e^{4x}}{-2 - 2} dx = -\frac{1}{4} \int e^{4x} dx = -\frac{e^{4x}}{16}$$

$$P.I. = \frac{x}{4} \cdot e^{2x} - \frac{e^{4x}}{16} \cdot e^{-2x} = \frac{x}{4} \cdot e^{2x} - \frac{e^{2x}}{16}$$

$$y = c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 e^{-2x} + \frac{x}{4} \cdot e^{2x} - \frac{e^{2x}}{16}$$





**Example 22 : Solve**  $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - y = \frac{2}{1 + e^x}$

$$(D^2 - 1) y = \frac{2}{1 + e^x}$$

$$D^2 - 1 = 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad m^2 - 1 = 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad m = \pm 1$$

$$C.F. = A e^x + B e^{-x}$$

$$y_1 = e^x \quad \rightarrow \quad \overline{y_1} = e^x$$

$$y_2 = e^{-x} \quad \rightarrow \quad \overline{y_2} = -e^{-x}$$

$$P.I. = u y_1 + v y_2$$







$$u = \int \frac{-y_2 \cdot x}{y_1 \cdot \bar{y}_2 - \bar{y}_1 \cdot y_2} dx$$

$$u = \int \frac{-e^{-x} \cdot \frac{2}{1+e^x}}{-e^x \cdot e^{-x} - e^x \cdot e^{-x}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{-e^{-x}}{-2} \cdot \frac{2}{1+e^x} dx = \int \frac{e^{-x}}{1+e^x} dx = \int \frac{e^x \cdot e^{-x}}{e^x(1+e^x)} dx = \int \frac{1}{e^x(1+e^x)} dx$$

$$= \int \left( \frac{1}{e^x} - \frac{1}{1+e^x} \right) dx = \int e^{-x} dx - \int \frac{e^{-x}}{e^{-x}+1} dx = -e^{-x} + \ln(e^{-x} + 1)$$



$$v = \int \frac{y_1 \cdot x}{y_1 \cdot \bar{y}_2 - \bar{y}_1 \cdot y_2} dx$$

$$v = \int \frac{e^x \cdot \frac{2}{1+e^x}}{-e^x \cdot e^{-x} - e^x \cdot e^{-x}} dx = \int \frac{e^x}{-2} \cdot \frac{2}{1+e^x} dx = - \int \frac{e^x}{1+e^x} dx$$

$$= -\ln(1 + e^x)$$

$$P.I. = [-e^{-x} + \ln(1 + e^{-x})]e^x - e^{-x} \cdot \ln(1 + e^x)$$

$$= -1 + e^x \cdot \ln(1 + e^{-x}) - e^{-x} \cdot \ln(1 + e^x)$$

$$y = A e^x + B e^{-x} - 1 + e^x \cdot \ln(1 + e^{-x}) - e^{-x} \cdot \ln(1 + e^x)$$

