MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM

نموذج وصف المادة الدراسية

Module Information معلومات المادة الدراسية						
Module Title	General Geology I			Modu	ıle Delivery	
Module Type	Basic learning activ		vities		⊠ Theory	
Module Code PRE106				⊠ Lecture ⊠ Lab □ Tutorial □ Practical □ Seminar		
ECTS Credits 6						
SWL (hr/sem)	n) 150					
Module Level		1	Semester o	f Delivery 1		1
Administering Department		Type Dept. Code	College	Type College Code		
Module Leader Rahma Sail Abd			e-mail	Rahma.saeel86@uomosul.edu.iq		sul.edu.iq
Module Leader's Acad. Title			Module Lea	der's Qualification		
Module Tutor			e-mail			
Peer Reviewer Name			e-mail			
Scientific Committee Approval Date		1/06/2023	Version Nu	mber	1	

Relation with other Modules				
العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى				
Prerequisite module	None	Semester		
Co-requisites module	None	Semester		

Modu	le Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents			
أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية				
Module Objectives أهداف المادة الدر اسية	The objectives of a geology module typically aim to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the following: Earth's Structure and Processes: Students learn about the internal structure of the Earth, the processes that shape its surface, and the interactions between its various components (such as the lithosphere, hydrosphere, atmosphere, and biosphere). Rocks and Minerals: Students study the formation, classification, and properties of rocks and minerals, including their identification, composition, and geological significance. Plate Tectonics: Students explore the theory of plate tectonics, which explains the movement of Earth's lithospheric plates, the formation of mountains, earthquakes, and volcanic activity. Geological Time and History: Students gain an understanding of the Earth's geological history, including the development of different geological time scales, the processes of fossilization, and the evolution of life on Earth.			
Module Learning Outcomes مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	This learning outcome implies that upon completing the geology module, students should have achieved the following: 1- Knowledge of Geological Processes: Students should have a solid understanding of the fundamental processes that shape the Earth, such as plate tectonics, erosion, weathering, and deposition. 2- Understanding of Geological Principles: Students should be familiar with key geological principles, including rock formation and identification, geological time, stratigraphy, and the interpretation of geological maps and cross-sections. 3- Application of Geology: Students should be able to apply their knowledge of geology to analyze and interpret geological phenomena, such as the formation of mountains, earthquakes, volcanoes, and the distribution of natural resources. They should also be capable of recognizing and assessing geological hazards and their potential impact on human activities. 4- Critical Thinking and Problem-Solving: Students should develop critical thinking skills and be able to apply geological concepts to solve problems and make informed decisions in both academic and real-world contexts. 5- Communication of Geological Concepts: Students should be able to effectively communicate geological concepts, findings, and interpretations using appropriate scientific terminology and conventions, both in written and oral forms.			
Indicative Contents المحتويات الإرشادية	Indicative content includes the following: Introduction to Geology, Cosmology & Birth of the Earth (3 hrs.) Definition of the components of the Earth's interior (3 hrs.) Plate tectonics(3 hrs.) Crystal Form mineral (crystallogy) (3 hrs.) Physical properties of mineral (6 hrs.) Classification of mineral (6 hrs.) Geologic time scale and fossils (3hrs.) rocks & The rock cycle (3hrs.) Classification of igneous rocks (6 hrs.)			

Types of sedimentary rocks: Chemical and detrital sedimentary rocks (6 hrs.)
Metamorphic rocks (3hrs.)

Learning and Teaching Strategies

استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم

Geology, as a scientific discipline, involves the study of the Earth's structure, composition, history, and processes. The learning and teaching strategies employed in geology often focus on a combination of theoretical knowledge, practical fieldwork, laboratory analysis, and interactive discussions. Here are some common learning and teaching strategies used in geology:

Fieldwork: Fieldwork plays a crucial role in geology education. Students are often taken to geological sites, such as outcrops, mountains, and coastal areas, where they can observe geological features firsthand. Field trips allow students to apply theoretical concepts, practice data collection techniques, and develop their observational and interpretive skills.

Strategies

Laboratory work: Geology involves various laboratory techniques for analyzing rocks, minerals, and other geological materials. Laboratory work provides hands-on experience in using tools and instruments like microscopes, spectrometers, and chemical analysis equipment. Students learn how to identify minerals, analyze rock formations, and interpret geological data through experiments and sample analysis. Visual aids and multimedia: Geology often relies on visual representations to understand complex concepts. The use of diagrams, maps, charts, and models helps students visualize geological processes, landforms, and structural features. Multimedia resources like videos, animations, and virtual reality (VR) simulations can enhance learning by providing interactive and immersive experiences.

Student Workload (SWL) الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا				
Structured SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	78	Structured SWL (h/w) الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	5	
Unstructured SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	72	Unstructured SWL (h/w) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	5	
Total SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل		1 50		

Module Evaluation تقييم المادة الدراسية Relevant Learning Time/Number Weight (Marks) **Week Due** Outcome Quizzes 2 10% (10) 5 and 10 LO #1, #2 10% (10) 2 2 and 12 LO #3, #4 and 5 **Formative** Assignments assessment Projects / Lab. 10% (10) Continuous ΑII 1 1 10% (10) 13 LO #1, #2, 3,4 Report **Midterm Exam** LO #1 ,2,3 **Summative** 2hr 10% (10) **Final Exam** assessment 3hr 50% (50) 16 ΑII 100% (100 Marks) **Total assessment**

Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)					
المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري					
	Material Covered				
Week 1	What is Geology? Cosmology & Birth of the Earth				
Week 2	Journey to the Center of the Earth and Drifting continents and spreading seas				
Week 3	The way the Earth works: Plate tectonics				
Week 4	Crystal Form mineral (crystallogy)				
Week 5	Patterns in Nature: Minerals				
Week 6	Physical properties of mineral				
Week 7	Classification of mineral				
Week 8	Exam 1				
Week 9	Geologic time scale and fossils				
Week 10	Introduction to rocks & The rock cycle				
Week 11	Igneous rocks origin and formation				
Week 12	Classification of igneous rocks				
Week 13	Origin and nature of sedimentary rocks , Sedimentary environments				
Week 14	Types of sedimentary rocks: Chemical and detrital sedimentary rocks				
Week 15	Metamorphic rocks				
Week 16	Exam 2				

Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus) المنهاج الاسبو عي للمختبر				
	Material Covered			
Week 1	Crystal Form mineral (crystallogy)			
Week 2	Physical properties of mineral			
Week 3	Geologic time scale and fossils			
Week 4	Classification of igneous rocks			
Week 5	Types of sedimentary rocks: Chemical sedimentary rocks			
Week 6	detrital sedimentary rocks			
Week 7	Metamorphic rocks			

Learning and Teaching Resources مصادر التعلم والتدريس				
	Text	Available in the Library?		
Required Texts	"Earth: An Introduction to Physical Geology" by Edward J. Tarbuck, Frederick K. Lutgens, and Dennis G. Tasa.	Yes		
Recommended Texts	1- "Physical Geology" by Charles C. Plummer, Diane H.Carlson, and Lisa Hammersley2- Earth: Portrait of a Planet" by Stephen Marshak	Yes		
Websites				

Grading Scheme مخطط الدر جات					
Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition	
	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance	
6 6	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors	
Success Group (50 - 100)	C - Good	ختر	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors	
	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings	
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria	
Fail Group (0 – 49)	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded	
	F – Fail	ر اسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required	

Note: Marks Decimal places above or below 0.5 will be rounded to the higher or lower full mark (for example a mark of 54.5 will be rounded to 55, whereas a mark of 54.4 will be rounded to 54. The University has a policy NOT to condone "near-pass fails" so the only adjustment to marks awarded by the original marker(s) will be the automatic rounding outlined above.