

## Course Description Form

1. Course Name:	
Organic Chemistry III	
2. Course Code:	
Phpch25_229-	
3. Semester / Year:	
Second Semester \ Second Class	
4. Description Preparation Date:	
15/1/2026	
5. Available Attendance Forms:	
Second class list	
6. Number of Credit Hours (Total) / Number of Units (Total)	
30 hours\ 3 units	
7. Course administrator's name (mention all, if more than one name)	
<p><b>Theoretical:</b>                      Assistant Professor Dr. Nagham Mohamed Zaki Dawood                      Email: <a href="mailto:n3_m3_zmz@uomosul.edu.iq">n3_m3_zmz@uomosul.edu.iq</a></p> <p>Assistant Professor Dr. Banan Borhan Saeed                      Email: <a href="mailto:bananaldewachi@uomosul.edu.iq">bananaldewachi@uomosul.edu.iq</a></p> <p>Dr. Eman Mahmood Hasan                      Email: <a href="mailto:emanmahmood87@uomosul.edu.iq">emanmahmood87@uomosul.edu.iq</a></p> <p><b>Practical:</b>                      Noor Ahmed Mohammed Waheed                      Email: <a href="mailto:noorwaheed@uomosul.edu.iq">noorwaheed@uomosul.edu.iq</a></p> <p>Fatima Murhaf                      Email: <a href="mailto:fatima.murhaf@uomosul.edu.iq">fatima.murhaf@uomosul.edu.iq</a></p> <p>Shaimaa Khalaf                      Email: <a href="mailto:sh_kh2090@uomosul.edu.iq">sh_kh2090@uomosul.edu.iq</a></p>	
8. Course Objectives	
<b>Course Objectives</b>	Identifying the various heterocyclic organic compounds, their properties, methods of naming them, their reactions, some methods of preparation, in addition to an overview of their biological activity.
9. Teaching and Learning Strategies	
<b>Strategy</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Interactive lectures (and supplementary resources via the online classroom)</li> <li>• Practical laboratory experiments (enhancing applied skills)</li> <li>• Classroom discussions and case studies (stimulating critical thinking and connecting concepts)</li> <li>• Student presentations (promoting self-directed learning)</li> <li>• Homework assignments and research activities (promoting self-directed learning)</li> </ul>
10. Course Structure	

Week	Hours	Required Learning Outcomes	Unit or subject name	Learning method	Evaluation method
1	2 Theoretical	A1- Explains to the student an introduction to heterocyclic compounds in general, including their properties and importance.  C2- Display to the student how heterocyclic compounds are classified.	Introduction to heterocyclic compounds and their classification.	Interactive and enriching lectures via the online classroom	Examination
	2 Practical	B1- The student applies methods for detecting functional groups.  C1- The student adheres to safety procedures and professional conduct within the laboratory when handling chemicals.	Introduction to chemical identification methods	practical laboratory experiments	Practical exam and report
2	2 Theoretical	A1- Explains to the student the natural sources of heterocyclic compounds.  C3- The student practices the systematic naming of these compounds after being shown the different naming methods used and the various systems adopted by the sources.	Occurrence in nature and in medicinal products nomenclature of Heterocyclic Compounds	Interactive and enriching lectures via the online classroom  Classroom discussion and case analysis	Examination
	2 Practical	A2- The student distinguishes between the different types of salts of carboxylic acids.  B2- The student analyzes the methods for detection and distinguishing between different salt types.	Carboxylic acid salts identification : anionic part identification	practical laboratory experiments	Practical exam and report
3	2 Theoretical	C3- The student practices naming these compounds systematically after being shown the different naming methods used according to the various systems approved by sources.	Nomenclature of Fused Systems	Interactive and enriching lectures via the online classroom	Examination

	2 Practical	A2- The student distinguishes between the negative and positive ions of the carboxylic acid salt.	Carboxylic acid salts identification : cationic identification	practical laboratory experiments	Practical ex and report
4	2 Theoretical	C3- The student practicing naming these compounds systematically after being shown the different naming methods according to the various systems approved by sources.	Nomenclature of fused heterocyclic compounds	Interactive and enriching lectures via the online classroom	Examination
	2 Practical	A2- The student distinguishes between the different types of salts. C3- The student practicing methods for detecting different types of salts	Unknown: Carboxylic acid salts identification	practical laboratory experiments	Practical ex and report
5	2 Theoretical	A1- Explains to the student the properties reactions, and methods of preparing pyrrole, furan, and thiophene. C1- Lists to the student some pharmaceutical compounds containing pyrrole, furan, and thiophene.	Five-membered heterocyclic compounds containing one heteroatom (pyrrole, furan and thiophene).	Interactive and enriching lectures via the online classroom	Examination and Homework
	2 Practical	A2- The student distinguishes between the different types of amines. C3- The student experiments with methods for detecting different types of amines	Classification and Chemical identifications amines	practical laboratory experiments	Practical ex and report
6	2 Theoretical	A1- Explain to the student the nature of aromatic electrophile substitution reactions these compounds, the active sites, and where these reactions are directed. A2- The student identifies some saturated cyclic compounds containing one heteroatom, their	-Electrophilic substitution in pyrrole, furan, and thiophene. (Reactivity and orientation). -Saturated five-membered heterocyclic	Interactive and enriching lectures via the online classroom	Examination

		methods of preparation and their benefits.			
	2 Practical	C3- The student experiments with methods for detecting different types of amines.	Unknown: Classification and Chemical identifications of amines	practical laboratory experiments	Practical exam and report
7	2 Theoretical	A1- Explains some properties of epoxides to the student. A2- Demonstrates some reactions of epoxides to the student.	Properties and reactions of three member ring (epoxide)	Interactive and enriching lectures via the online classroom	Examination
	2 Practical	A2- The student identifies the types of halides. B1- The student applies the following method for detecting alkyl and aryl halides.	identifications of Alkyl and aryl halides	practical laboratory experiments	Practical exam and report
8	Midterm exam				
9	2 Theoretical	A1- Explains the basic concepts of epoxide preparation to the student. 1C- Lists some pharmaceutical compounds containing the compounds mentioned above.	Preparation of three member rings (epoxides) and some examples	Interactive and enriching lectures via the online classroom	Examination
	2 Practical	B1- The student applies the methods for detecting alkyl and aryl halides	Unknown: identifications of Alkyl and aryl halides	practical laboratory experiments	Practical exam and report
10	2 Theoretical	A1- The student provides an introduction to pyridine and its compounds, including their properties and biological importance	Introduction of Six-membered ring compounds pyridine, Source of pyridine compounds, properties	Interactive and enriching lectures via the online classroom	Examination
	2 Practical	B1- The student applies chemical reactions to synthesize a new substance. A2- The student learns the specific mathematical methods for calculating the expected quantity of a substance.	Synthesis of Benzimidazole	practical laboratory experiments	Practical exam and report

		C2- The student appreciates the importance of chemical reactions in synthesizing new substances and their significance in the pharmaceutical industry.			
11	2 Theoretical	A1- The student explains the basic concepts and fundamental methods used in preparing pyridine and its derivatives.	Methods of Preparation of pyridine and their derivatives	Interactive and enriching lectures via the online classroom	Examination
	2 Practical	B1- The student applies chemical reactions to synthesize a new substance.  A2- The student learns the specific mathematical methods for calculating the expected quantity of a substance.	Unknown: Synthesis of Benzimidazole	practical laboratory experiments	Practical exam and report
12	2 Theoretical	A2- The student explains the reactions that pyridine and its derivatives undergo, such as electrophilic and nucleophilic substitution reactions, and oxidation-reduction reactions.	Reactions of pyridine, electrophilic and nucleophilic substitution in pyridine	Interactive and enriching lectures via the online classroom	Examination
	2 Practical	B1- The student applies chemical reactions to synthesize a new substance.  A2- The student learns the specific mathematical methods for calculating the expected quantity of a substance.  C2- The student appreciates the importance of chemical reactions in the synthesis of new substances and their significance in the pharmaceutical industry.	Synthesis of thiopyrimidine	practical laboratory experiments	Practical exam and report
13	2 Theoretical	A2- The student provides an introduction to indole and its compounds, including their properties.	Fused Ring Heterocyclic Compounds Indole	Interactive and enriching lectures via the online classroom	Examination

		and biological importance. B2- The student understands the method of preparing indole and its reactions.			
	2 Practical	B1- The student applies chemical reactions to synthesize a new substance. A2- The student learns the specific mathematical methods for calculating the expected quantity of a substance.	Unknown: Synthesis of thiopyrimidine	practical laboratory experiments	Practical exam and report
14	2 Theoretical	A2- The student distinguishes quinoline from other heterocyclic compounds and studies its physical and chemical properties. B2- The student understands the pharmaceutical compounds that contain quinoline.	Fused ring heterocycles Quinoline	Interactive and enriching lectures via the online classroom	Examination
	2 Practical		Review		
15	2 Theoretical	A2- The student distinguishes between quinoline and isoquinoline among heterocyclic bicyclic compounds and studies their physical and chemical properties. B2- The student understands the pharmaceutical compounds that contain isoquinoline and the methods for preparing these compounds.	Fused ring heterocycles isoquinoline (benzopyridines)	Student presentation	Presentation evaluation

#### 11. Assessment

- 20 marks for theoretical assessment  
(Midterm written exam + short class quiz + attendance + seminar)
- 20 marks for practical assessment (attendance + practical exam + report)

• 60 marks for the final written theoretical exam

• Total 100 marks

#### 12. Educational Resources

Required textbooks (curricular books, if any)	Morrison RT, Boyd RN.Organic Chemistry. 6th edition ,2008
Main references (sources)	Textbook of organic chemistry for pharmacy students KS Mukheriee
Recommended books and references (scientific journals, reports...)	
Electronic References, Websites	<a href="https://chemistry.com.pk/books/organic-chemistry-rt-morrison">https://chemistry.com.pk/books/organic-chemistry-rt-morrison</a>
Curriculum update rate	5%