

Course Description Form

1. Course Name:	Pharmacognosy II (Theoretical+ Practical)
2. Course Code:	Phcog25_315--
3. Semester / Year:	Second semester/2025-2026
4. Description Preparation Date:	01 /09/2025
5. Available Attendance Forms:	Students' signature on attendance sheet
6. Number of Credit Hours (Total) / Number of Units (Total)	2 hours Theoretical + 2 hours Practical (30) /3 units
7. Course administrator's name	Theoretical
	Name: Assist. Prof Dr. Mohammed Emad Qazzaz Email: mohannad.qazzaz@uomosul.edu.iq Dr. Zainab Haitham Email: zainabh@uomosul.edu.iq Dr. Khadija Younis Email: khadejaalabidalwaahed@uomosul.edu.iq
	Practical
	Lecturer Dr. Ban Ahmed Email: ban-alnuaimy67@uomosul.edu.iq Assist. Lecturer: Zena Email: zena.sideeq@uomosul.edu.iq Assist. Lecturer: Samara Sameer Email: samara.sameer@uomosul.edu.iq Assist. Lecturer: Sura Maan Salim Email: sura.maan@uomosul.edu.iq Assist. Lecturer: Noor Saad Email: noormahmoodph88@gmail.com
8. Course objectives	

- Define the metabolic pathways of primary and secondary materials and their sources in plants.
- Define carbohydrates, their types, and their importance, and explain the metabolic and structural pathways.
- Define glycosides, their types, and their therapeutic importance.
- Define fats and oils, their importance, methods of isolating them, their therapeutic benefits, and explain their biological pathways.
- Define amino acids and vitamins, their types, and their medicinal benefits.

Separation of Volatile and Fixed Oils

- Practical training on separating volatile and fixed oils.
- Identify the food and pharmaceutical applications of volatile and fixed oils.
- Separation of Glycosides
- Separation and detection of glycosides
- Identify the nature and chemical structure of glycosides.
- Study their pharmacological properties.
- Distinguish between their different types

8. Learning and comprehension strategies

- Lectures and interactive demonstrations
- Learning based on examples of common clinical cases
- Guided self-learning
- Dialogue and discussion
- Various assessment strategies, laboratory demonstrations, and clarification of the extraction process

8. Course structure

Evaluation methods	Learning methods	Topic names	Learning outcomes	Watches	week
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tests and exams • Discussions 	Interactive lectures Dialogue and discussion Self-paced learning	Introduction: General biosynthesis pathways of secondary metabolites	A1: Students should be able to identify the general biosynthetic pathways of secondary metabolites in plants. A2: Students should be able to evaluate the therapeutic importance and possible toxicity of	2+2	1

			<p>some biosynthetic pathways.</p> <p>B2: Students should be able to develop self-learning skills in linking biochemistry with natural products.</p> <p>C1: Students should be able to share scientific ideas on the role of secondary metabolites in therapy within an ethical context.</p>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Tests and exams • Discussions 	<p>Interactive lectures</p> <p>Dialogue and discussion</p> <p>Self-paced learning</p>	Carbohydrates	<p>A1: Students should be able to recognize the chemical structures of natural carbohydrates and their plant sources.</p> <p>A2: Students should be able to understand the physiological roles of carbohydrates and how diseases affect them.</p> <p>B3: Students should be able to apply scientific knowledge to provide pharmaceutical advice regarding carbohydrate-containing compounds</p>	2+2	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Tests and exams • Discussions 	<p>Interactive lectures</p> <p>Dialogue and discussion</p> <p>Self-paced learning</p>	<p>Glycosides: Biosynthesis, physical and chemical properties; cardiac glycosides; saponin glycosides; anthraquinone glycosides; flavonoid</p>	<p>A1: Students should be able to describe the physical and chemical properties of different glycosides.</p> <p>A2: Students should be able to assess the toxicity and side effects of cardiac and other glycosides.</p> <p>B4: Students should be able to identify</p>	2+2	3

		glycosides; cyanophore lycosides	potential drug interactions and evaluate therapy appropriateness for patients.		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Tests and exams • Discussions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Interactive lectures -Dialogue and discussion -Self-paced learning 	Glycosides (isothiocyanate, aldehyde, alcoholic, phenolic, lactone, coumarins, (chromones	<p>A1: Students should be able to recognize the structural features of additional glycoside groups.</p> <p>A2: Students should be able to compare the therapeutic effects and toxicity of these compounds.</p> <p>B2: Students should be able to enhance self-learning skills by analyzing pharmaceutical examples.</p>	2+2	4
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Tests and exams • Discussions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Interactive lectures -Dialogue and discussion Self-paced - learning 	Resins and resin combination; tannins	<p>A1: Students should be able to identify the chemical composition and natural properties of resins and tannins.</p> <p>A2: Students should be able to evaluate the therapeutic importance and side effects of these substances.</p> <p>B3: Students should be able to apply their knowledge in providing pharmaceutical advice related to resin use.</p>	2+2	5
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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Tests and exams • Discussions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Interactive lectures -Dialogue and discussion Self-paced - learning 	Lipids: fixed oils and waxes	A1: Students should be able to recognize different types of fixed oils and waxes and their plant sources.	2+2	6

			A2: Students should be able to explain the physiological and therapeutic roles of lipids. B4: Students should be able to determine the safe and effective use of fixed oils in pharmaceutical therapy.		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Tests and exams • Discussions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Interactive lectures -Dialogue and discussion Self-paced - learning 	Volatile oils: Introduction; chemistry of volatile oils; biosynthesis of volatile oils; hydrocarbons as volatile oils; alcohols as volatile oils; aldehydes as volatile oils	A1: Students should be able to describe the basic chemistry and biosynthesis of volatile oils. A2: Students should be able to evaluate the therapeutic uses and toxicity associated with volatile oils. B1: Students should be able to apply laboratory skills to identify volatile oils.	2+2	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Tests and exams • Discussions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Interactive lectures -Dialogue and discussion Self-paced - learning 	Volatile oils (ketones; phenols; oxides; esters; phenolic ethers)	A1: Students should be able to recognize the functional groups of volatile oils and their pharmaceutical roles. A2: Students should be able to evaluate the potential side effects and drug interactions of volatile oils. B2: Students should be able to develop self-learning skills through studying clinical cases of volatile oils.	2+2	8
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Tests and exams • Discussions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Interactive lectures -Dialogue and discussion Self-paced - learning 	Non-medicinal toxic plants	A1: Students should be able to identify common examples of toxic non-medicinal plants.	2+2	9

			<p>A2: Students should be able to evaluate the toxic risks of these plants and prevention strategies.</p> <p>B3: Students should be able to apply knowledge to provide community health advice on toxic plants.</p> <p>C1: Students should be able to enhance their ability to evaluate information within a responsible ethical framework.</p>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Tests and exams • Discussions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Interactive lectures -Dialogue and discussion Self-paced - learning 	Vitamins and Amino acids	<p>A1: Students should be able to recognize vitamins and amino acids of pharmaceutical importance.</p> <p>A2: Students should be able to understand their physiological functions and the impact of deficiency or excess.</p> <p>B4: Students should be able to apply their knowledge to provide appropriate therapy for conditions related to vitamin or amino acid deficiencies.</p>	2+2	10
Final exam					

Course Evaluation

- 20 M Theoretical assessments;

(Paper-based mid-term exam + quiz + attendance)

- 20 M practical assessment (attendance + quiz + practice)
- 60 M paper-based theoretical final exam

Total 100 M

12. Learning and Teaching Resources

Robbers JE, Speedie MK, Tylor VE, Pharmacognosy & Pharmacobiotechnology; 2 nd edition 2008.	Required textbook
Trease and Evans' Pharmacognosy Practical Pharmacognosy techniques and experiment	Main references (sources)
➤ PubMed (https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/) ➤ Medscape (https://www.medscape.com/) ➤ UpToDate (https://www.uptodate.com/)	websites