



**— University of Mosul —**  
**College of Petroleum & Mining Engineering**



**“Reservoir modelling and simulation”**

**Dervative of a 3D-cartesian fluid flow equation**

**Lecture ...(8)....**

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## LECTURE CONTENTS

- ☐ Review of basic steps.
- ☐ Assumptions made in the derivation of the above PDE:
- ☐ Conservation of mass.
- ☐ Conservation of momentum.
- ☐ Constitutive equation for porous materials.
- ☐ Constitutive equation for fluids.

**Generally speaking, flow equations for flow in porous materials are based on a set of mass, momentum and energy conservation equations, and constitutive equations for the fluids and the porous material involved.**

$$\frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial z^2} = \frac{\phi \mu c}{k} \frac{\partial p}{\partial t} \boxed{\dots\dots} \text{ (unsteady state (transient))}$$