Lecturer: Mohanad Muayad Alyas Analytical Mechanics 2023-2024

Lec.8: Gradient and Del operator in mechanics

4.6 Gradient and Del operator in Mechanics

$$F.dr = F_X dx + F_Y dy + F_Z dz$$

$$= -\frac{\partial V}{\partial x} dx + \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} dy - \frac{\partial V}{\partial z} dz$$

this implies

$$F_X = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}$$

is implies
$$F_{x} = -\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \qquad F_{z} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial z}$$

$$F_{z} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \qquad F_{z} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial z}$$

If the force field is conservative, then the components In words of the force are given by the -ve partial derivatives of apotential energy function was a state of two contents of

Vectorially, we can express

where
$$\sqrt{3} = \hat{x} = \hat{y} = \hat$$

The expression $\overrightarrow{\nabla}V \equiv \operatorname{grad}V$ and same time called gradient of V

Mathematically

The gradient of abunction is a vector that represents
the spatial derivative of the function in direction
and magnitude.

physically

The negative gradient of the potential energy the function gives the direct ion and magnitude of force that act on aparticle located in afield created by other particles.

is that the particle is tried to move in the direction is that the particle is tried to move in the direction of decreasing potential energy rather than in the opposite direction as alig.