Cardiovascular system

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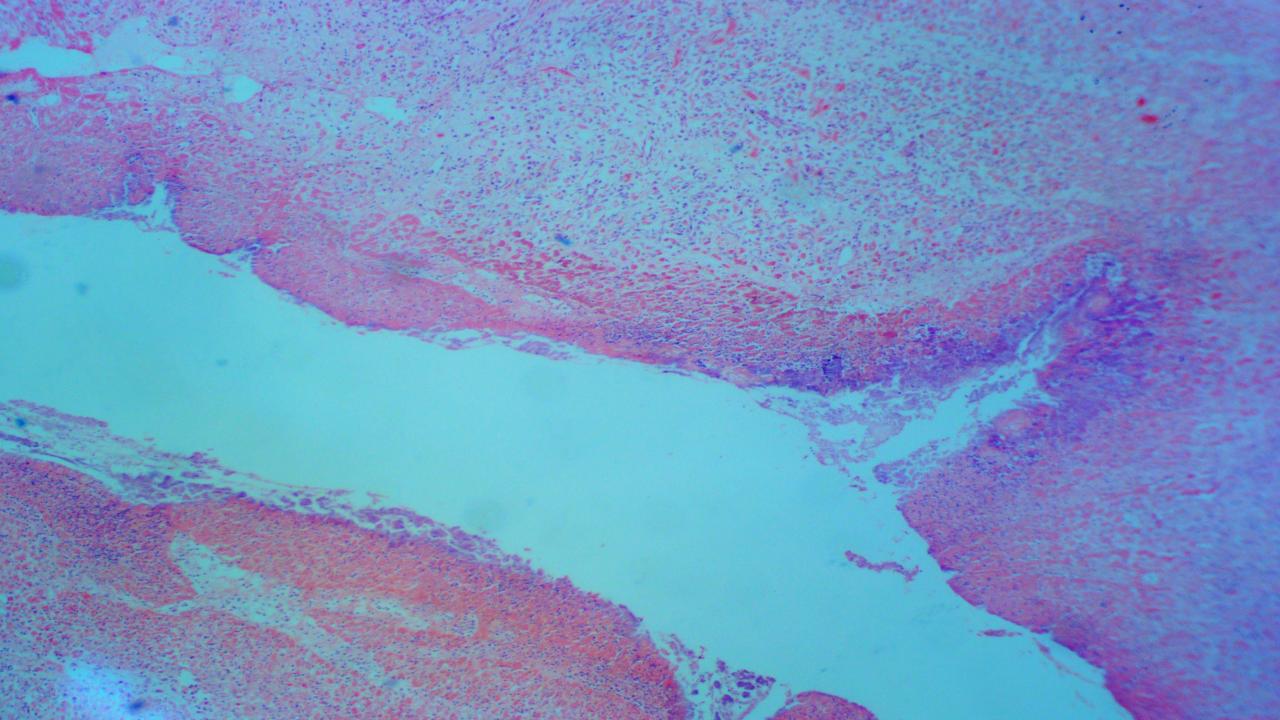
Diagnosis: Traumatic Suppurative myocarditis

Organ: Heart

Lesion:

- 1. Presence of canal represents the penetration of foreign body in the myocardium.
- 2. Zenker necrosis in myocardium near the canal.
- 3. Presence of bacterial colonies and aggregation of pus in the myocardium near the canal.





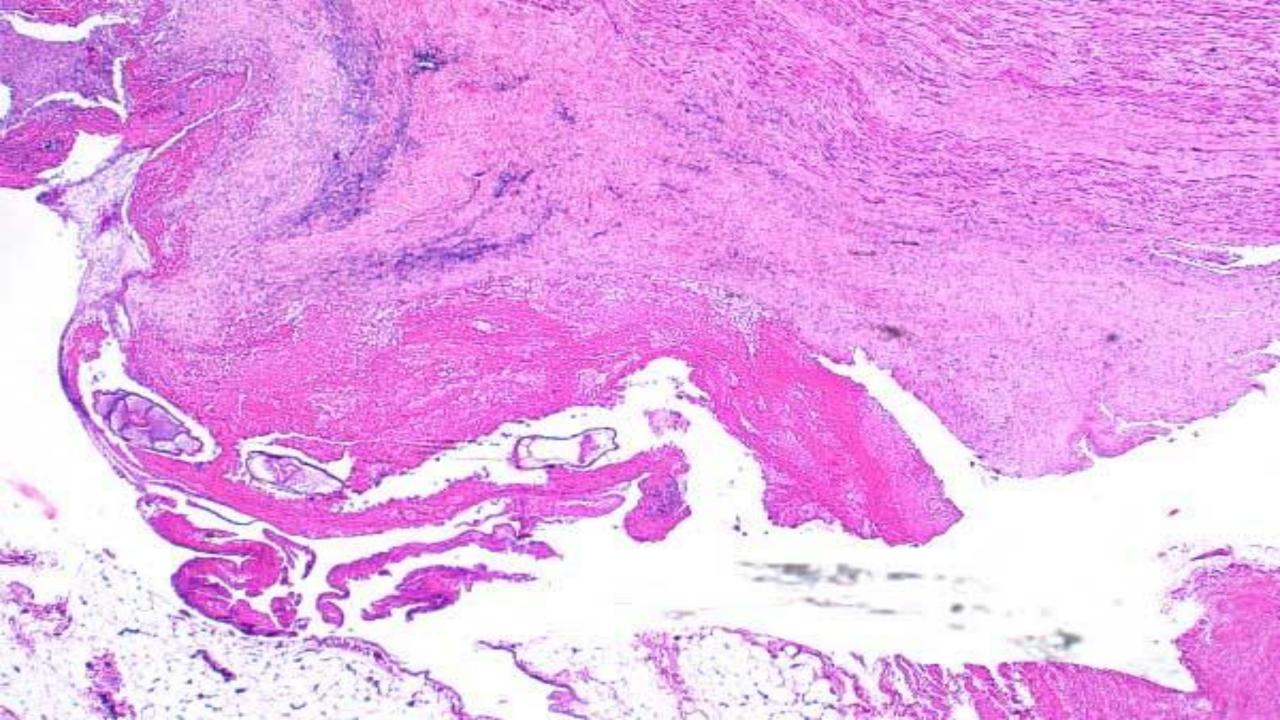
Diagnosis: Parasitic arteritis

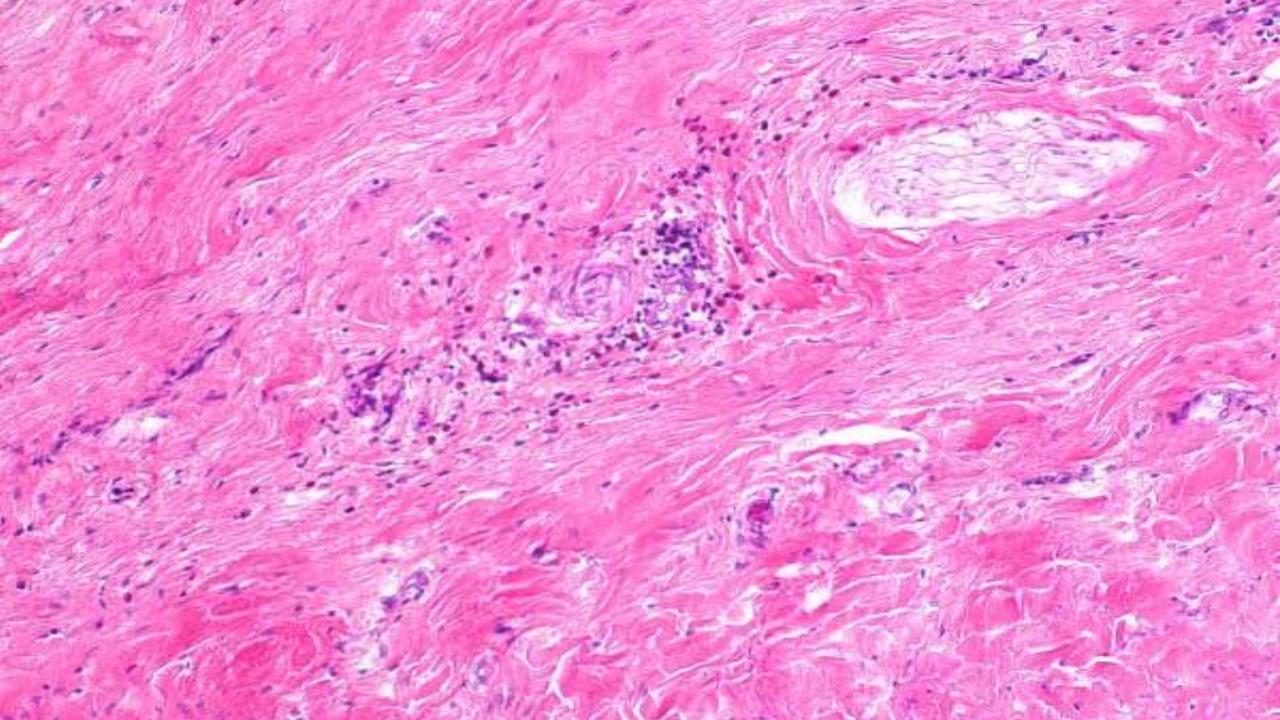
Organ: Aorta

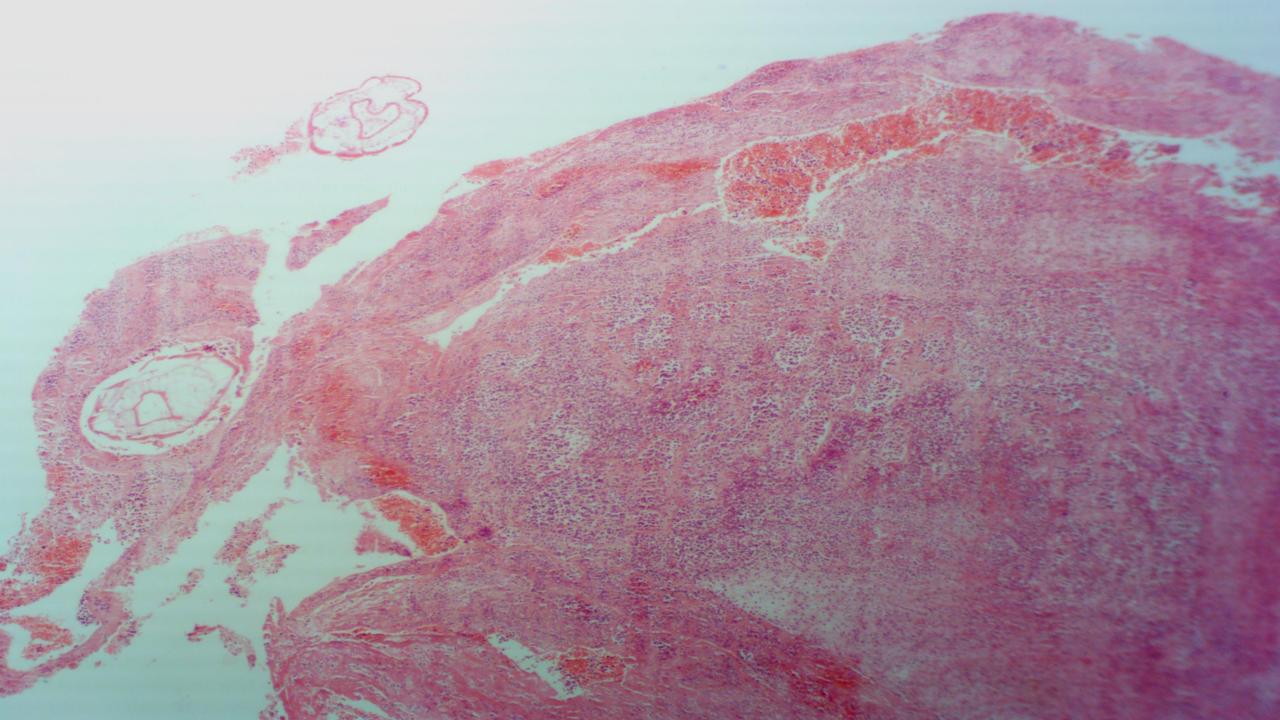
Lesion:

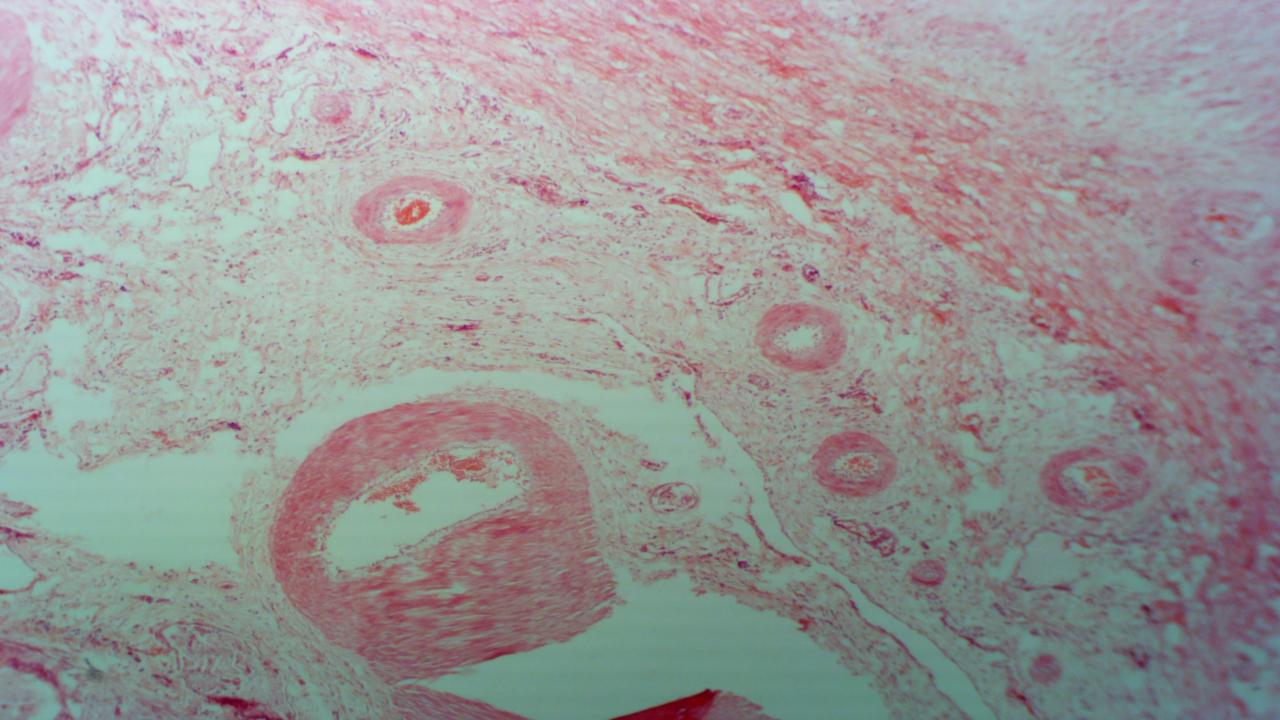
- 1. Thickening in the wall of the artery results from proliferation of fibrous tissue in tunica intima irregularly and it contains the disintegrated parasites.
- 2. Inflammatory exudate represented by infiltration of large numbers of inflammatory cells (eosinophiles and monocytes).
- 3. Fibroelastosis in Tunica media of aorta and of vasa vasorum.











Diagnosis: Atherosclerosis

Organ: Artery

Lesion:

- 1. Thickening of arterial wall results from accumulation of fatty materials (cholesterol) in tunica media.
- 2. Proliferation of smooth muscles with breaking of collagenous fibers.
- 3. Presence of empty vacuoles which called foam cells result from dissolution of fatty materials.

