

## Nervous System

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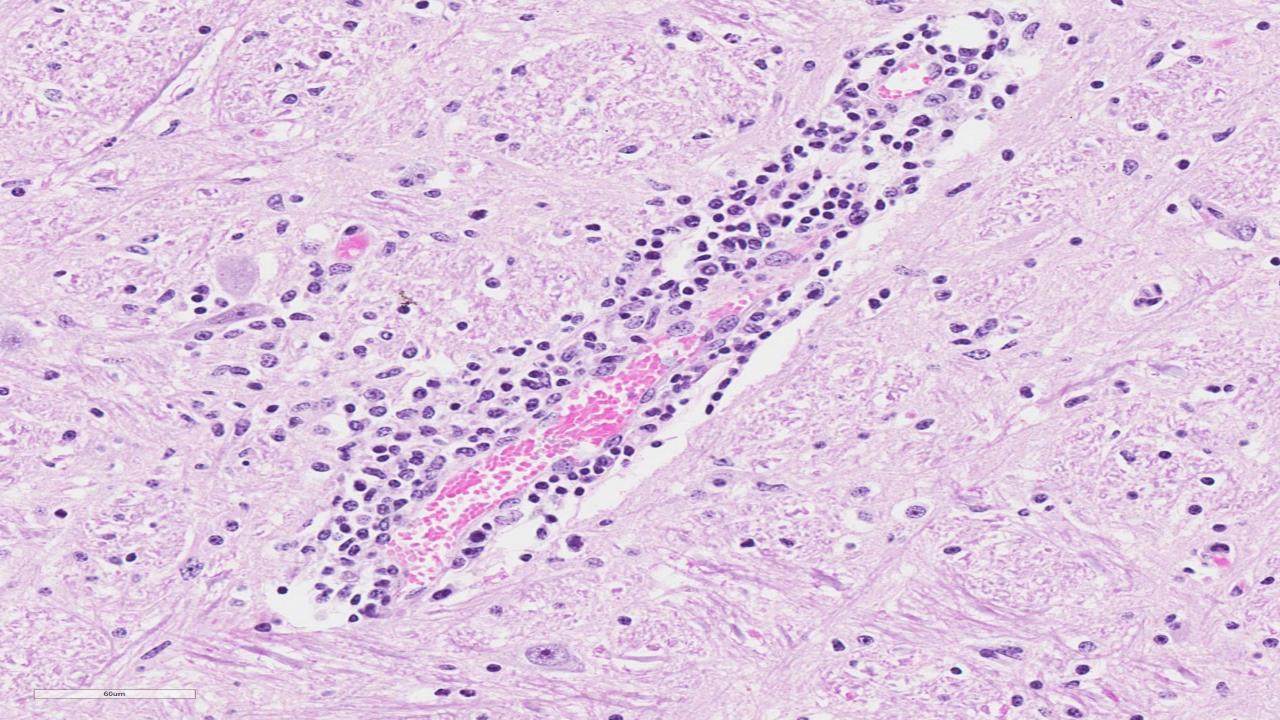
Assist. Lecturer Atheer Nabeel

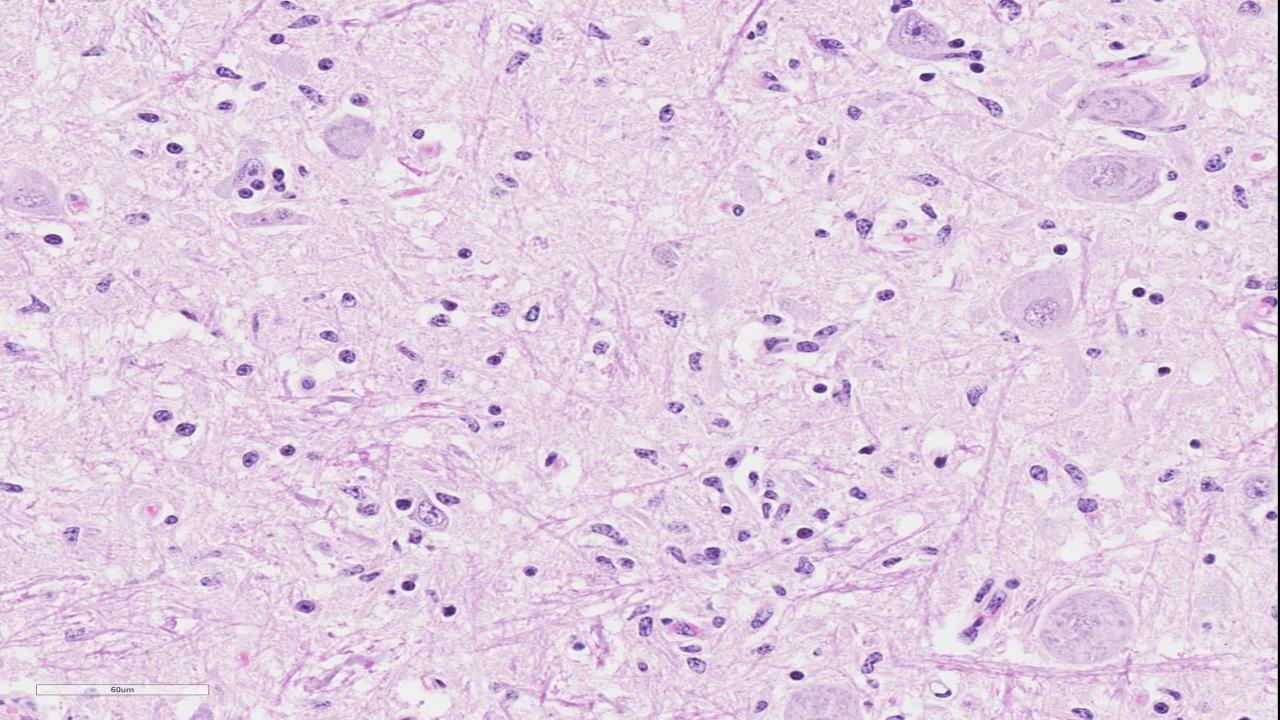
## Diagnosis: Rabies

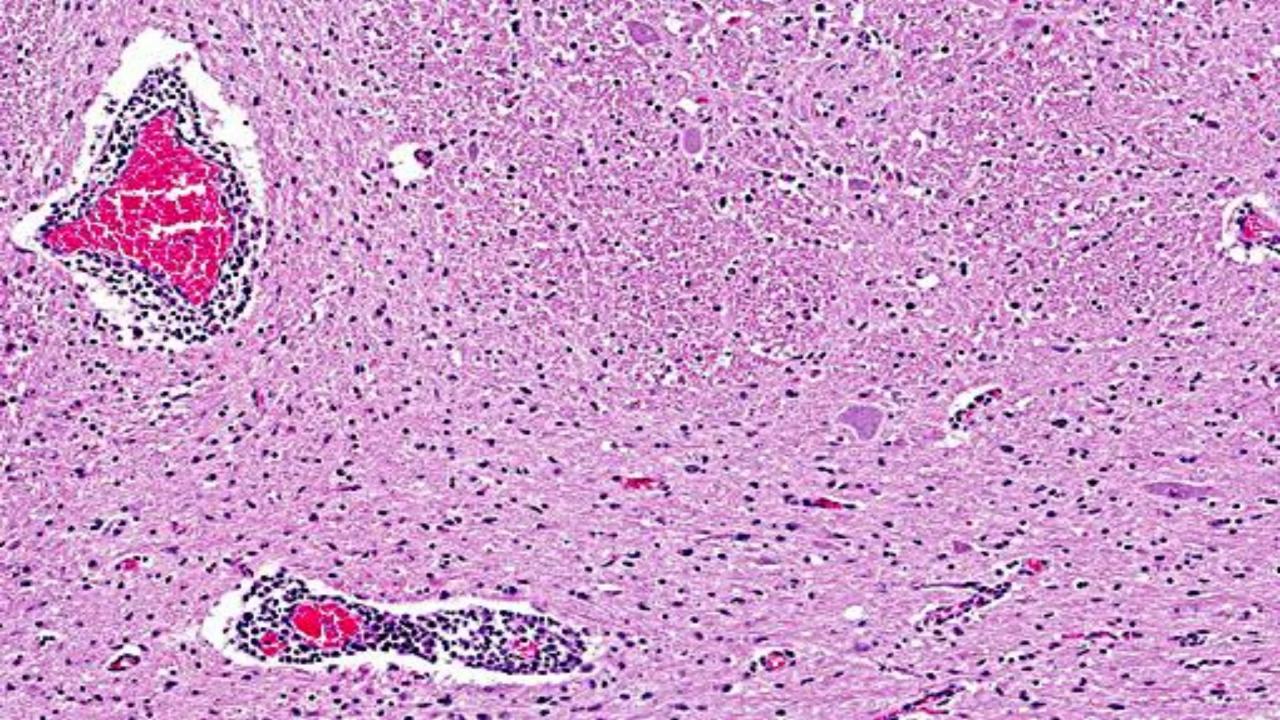
## Organ: Brain

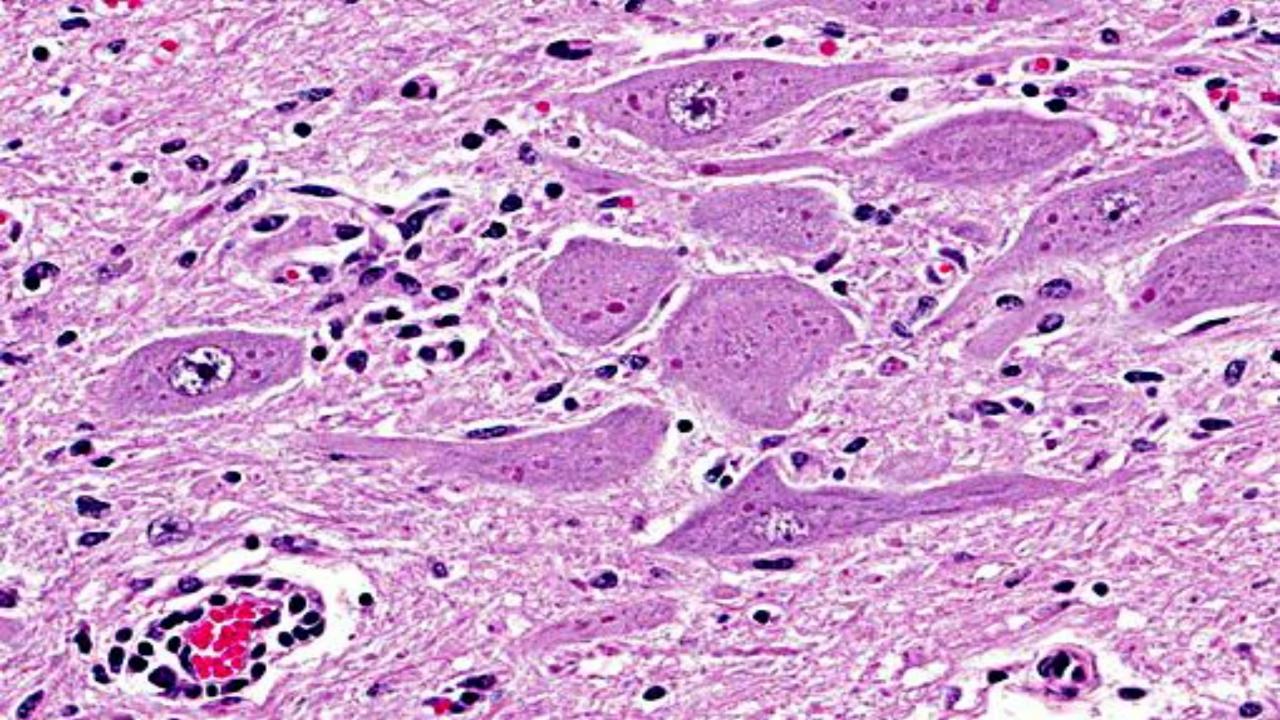
Lesions:

- 1. Perivascular cuffing are widespread in the medulla and vary from mild and single-cell thick to several layers thick.
- 2. Gliosis is prominent in nuclei and perivascular where the glial cells almost form nodules.
- 3. Many neurons contain round to oval, homogeneous intracytoplasmic inclusions bodies (Negri bodies).
- 4. Infiltration o inflammatory cells which composed of lymphocytes, plasma cells and macrophages.







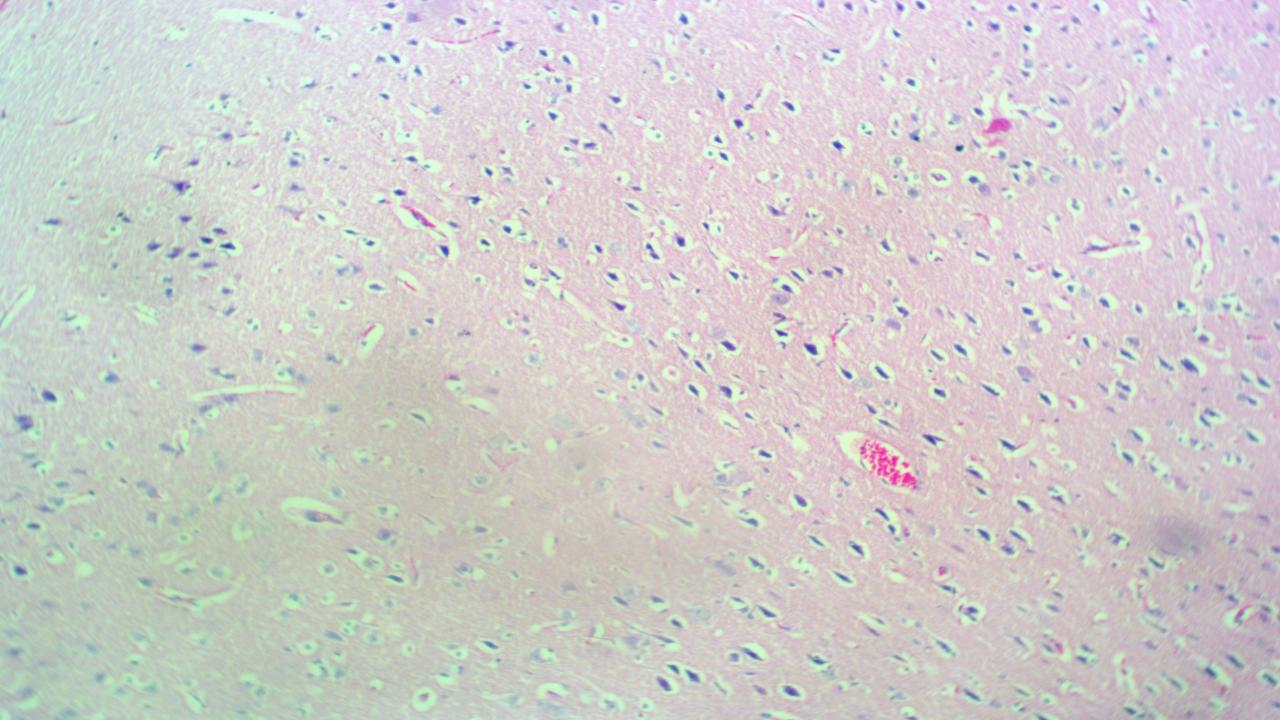


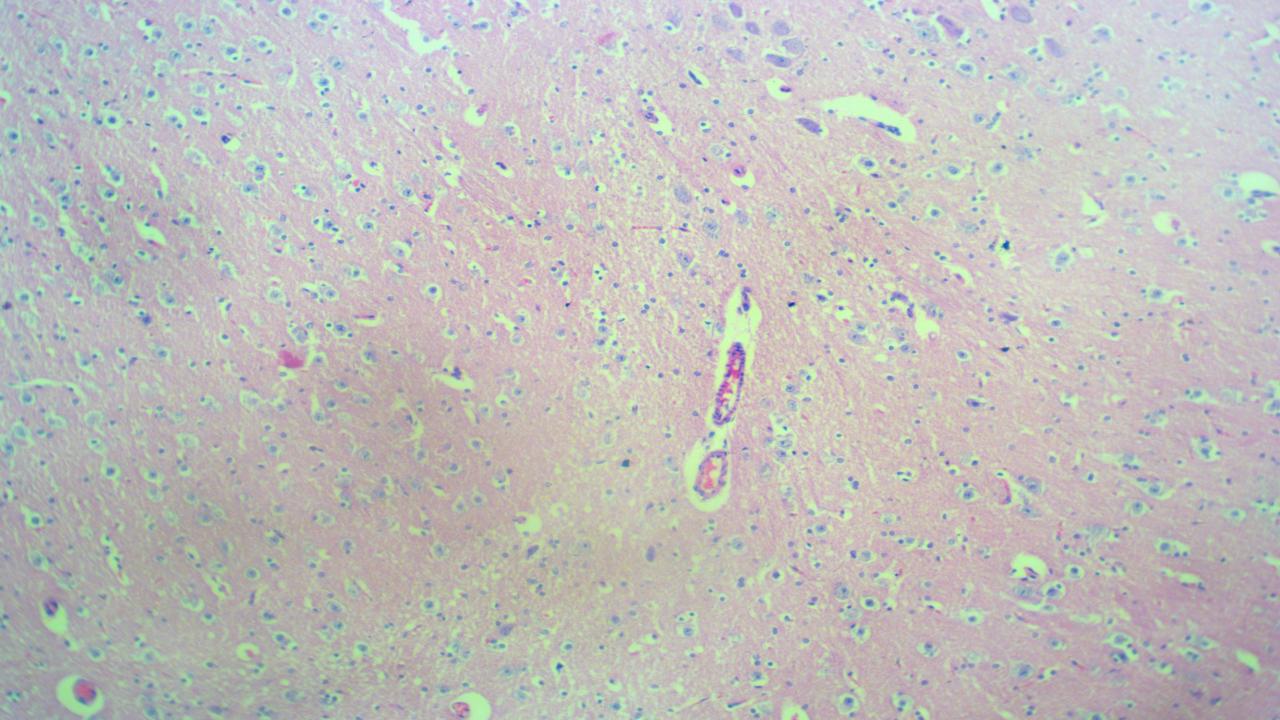
## Diagnosis: Encephalitis

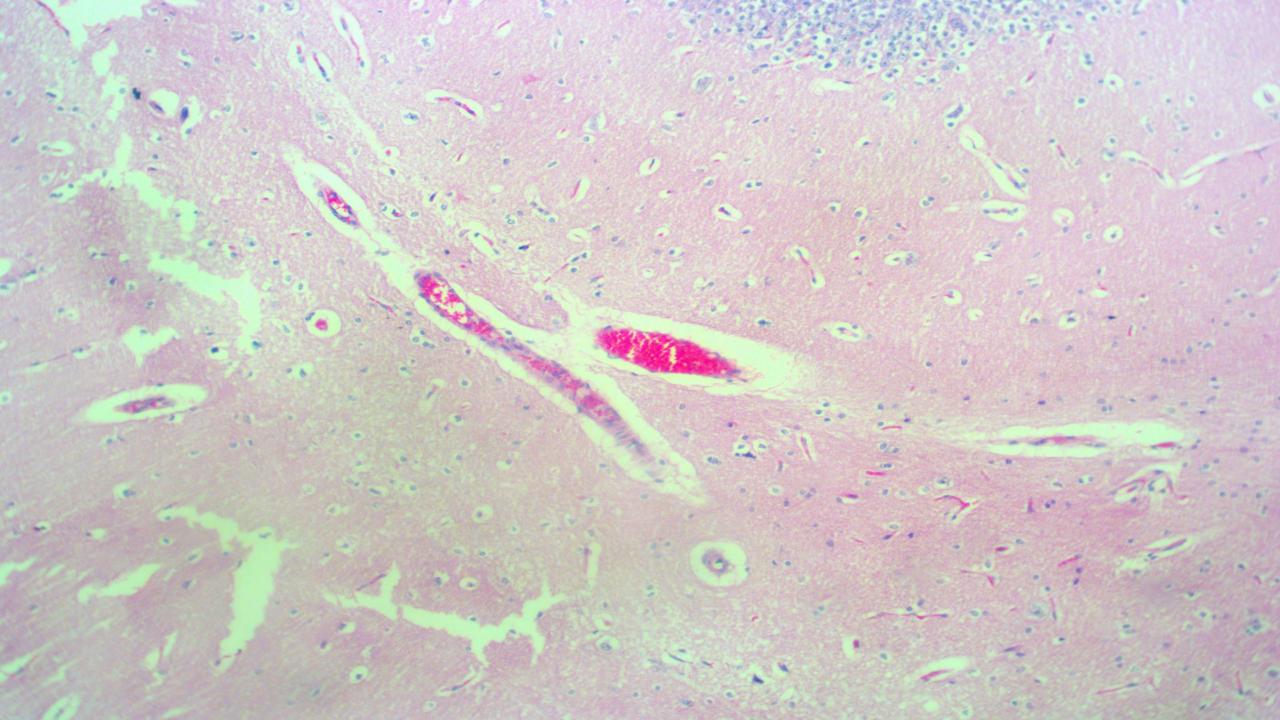
Organ: brain

Lesion:

- 1. Vacuolar degeneration (vacuolation) and necrosis of neurons.
- 2. There is perivascular cuffing of lymphocytes and vasogenic edema.
- **3**. Infiltration of Inflammatory cells which composed of lymphocytes, neutrophils







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Diagnosis: Parasitic encephalitis (Coenurus cerebralis)

Organ: brain

Lesion:

- 1. Presence of larval stage of *Taenia multiceps* (*Coenurus cerebralis*) surrounded by connective tissue capsules.
- 2. Infiltration of inflammatory cells composed of varying numbers of neutrophils, lymphocytes, plasma cells, eosinophils, macrophages, multinucleate giant cells of the foreign body and Langhans type.
- **3.** Pressure atrophy of parenchyma due to presence of parasite.

