University of Mosul Lecture No: 4

College of Veterinary Medicine

Date:2024-2025

Unit of Scientific Affair https://uomosul.edu.iq/veterinarymedicine/

Website: https://www.researchgate.net/profile/Thekra-Saleh?ev=hdr xprf

Lecture title: Bones of fore limbs

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**Summary:** Digit In horse

The digit in horse

There is one digit (third digit) consist of three phalanges

First or proximal phalanx articulate with distal extremity of metacarpal & second phalanx .It is long bone has body &two extremity, the body has dorsal& palmer surfaces as well as medial& lateral borders. The distal extermity or head articulate with middle phalanx.

Second or middle phalanx: short bone situated between the proximal and distal phalanges, its width is greater than its hight, it has four surfaces: the base or proximal surface to articulate with proximal phalanx, head or distal surface to articulate with distal phalanx, dorsal & palmar surface, there is a flexor tuberosity on its proximopalmar aspect.

Third or distal phalanx: enclosed by the hoof, it has three surfaces, three borders, and two angles.

- 1-Articular surface:to articulate with the middle phalanx and distal sesamoid bone.
- 2-Parietal or dorsal surface:is rough and porous ,on each side there is parietal sulcus .
- 3-Solar surface: is arched and divided by semilunar line ,there are the solar groove and solar foramen leading to solar canal .

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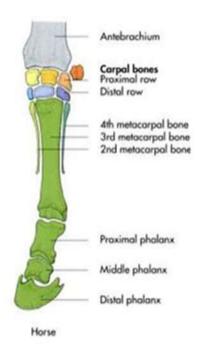
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## The three borders are:

- 1-Coronary or proximal border it has the extensor process.
- 2-Solar border:it is thin and sharp.
- 3-Dorsal border :carries the cartilage.

The angles or the palmar processes:medial & lateral.



## The digits in ox:

The second and fifth are vestige and are placed palmar to the fetlock as (dew claws) each contains one or two small bone which do not articulate with skeleton.

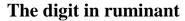
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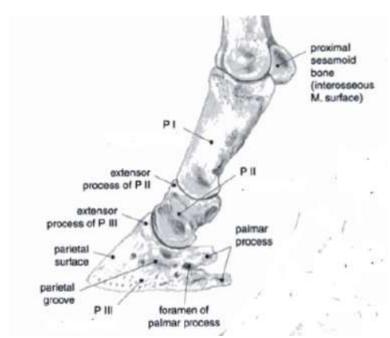
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## The digits in dog:

The digits have three phalanges except the first digit consists of two phalanges and very short .Third and fourth digits are the